Resource Scheduling Model of Ideological and Political Education in Colleges and Universities Under the Background of New Era

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Abstract: The ideological and political education we are familiar with is a discipline we have been studying from young to adult. It is a kind of education for our values and it is an educational content that we can't neglect in the process of growing up. With the development of the country, more and more attention is paid to the ideological education in the country. We have to inherit our Chinese culture for more than five thousand years. This article insists on the application of the holistic argument of the Euclidean algorithm to illustrate the essence of this matter. For us, the core of our ideological and political education is to integrate us into the development of our country. In the process of teaching, we should be brave enough to ask questions and synthesize various factors.

1 Introduction

With the increasing emphasis on the subject of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities, our country has paid more and more attention to the ideological education of students, mainly in our curriculum arrangement (Shugen C et al 2017) [1]. Students from different classes in each major will go to this ideological education class. Marx school is established especially, and every student is required to attend this course. The importance of our country to the ideological education of students can be seen (Zhi Net al 2017) [2]. In the current educational system, a considerable number of students go to the study of Marx's doctrine. This is the research on the cooperative innovation of Ideological and political education in our university. But due to the increase of base number, the problems we are faced with are endless, which requires us to find a more effective solution for us in the process of research (Zhao Het al 2017) [3].

In this paper, in the perspective of data analysis, the overall collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities is studied. We have a unified analysis and discussion of the combination of the diverse needs of ideological culture and the national conditions we are now in. That is to say, the education of thought is now short for the class of our students (Huang F Y et al 2017) [4]. Only when our ideological education is caught up, we will make full efforts for our country's development in the future time, and also contribute to the stability of our country and the future of our country. It makes our country more and more influential in the world and will have more power to speak at the conference (Wang Ket al 2017) [5].

2 Related Work

In our current educational system, the research on holistic collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities is very rare from the perspective of data analysis. That is to say, in spite of the fact that our country attaches great importance to this aspect, there are few talents in this field, who can skillfully grasp the data perspective, and the traditional culture is still scarce (Du Y et al 2017) [6]. We all know that the market is changing, and the situation in our education is also changing. Therefore, we still need to continue to study the time when the resources of education have not been optimized as a whole (Zhao X et al 2017) [7]. In other words, we are to
combine our traditional culture with the present data age to form a complete and circular line (Mao C L et al 2017) [8].

In foreign research, we can see that foreign countries attach great importance to education. We also know that the relationship between ideological education and any other country has its own leaders' thoughts, and the ideas of colleges and universities. We are all familiar with the importance of ideological education to the prosperity and stability of a country, which is to say that education in our country is correct (Zhang Met al 2017) [9]. The United States education situation at the moment is very steady and no big mistakes nor what bad results. There is also the situation of Ideological and political education in France. They set up Confucius College as an independent discipline, which is the affirmation of our Chinese culture and the affirmation of our country (Feng L I et al 2017) [10].

3 Methodology

3.1 Construction and implementation of Ideological and political education algorithm based on University

If we want to solve the problems we have now, we should first understand the essence of our ideological and political education. Now, for us, the ideological and political education is mainly from the study of the subject, and the publicity is known. As a result, we know little about this. The research on the integrated collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities from the perspective of data analysis, the Euclidean algorithm is used to implement the simulation. In order to understand how our Euclidean algorithm is designed and solved, we first understand the status of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities. In this way, we can better solve the things we have met. The process of education is a process of our practice of learning the knowledge that the books have learned. It is also said that as a nation's communication culture, we must first guarantee the integrity of the human character and the loyalty to the country. We are completing all things that help us understand the subject. There is also an understanding of the concrete implementation methods of the integrated collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities from the perspective of data analysis. After these, we are going to discuss the problem that we are facing now, and simulate teaching in computation, which makes our research more close to practical application. It is also why our research can be strongly supported by the state. For the needs of our countries present situation, so we have to study new things seriously if we want to live a better life. The Euclidean algorithm is seen Figure 1 below:

![Euclidean algorithm for calculating the intersection of the principle block diagram](image)

In the above picture we can clearly analyze the solution process of the integrated collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in universities and colleges from the perspective of data analysis. What's more, we can get the advantage of our algorithm through careful observation of the bright process chart, so that our research can better solve our present solution. We have done a lot of research before. We all know that the construction and implementation of algorithms need a lot of research time, which we can enhance our knowledge and expand the influence of our research.
Euclid algorithm is a method for a common denominator which we can calculate the most important algorithm. This is why our research can get a lot of calls to cheer us up. That's because our research is of great help to the country's economic security and stability. The need to find the ratio of the control parameters that cannot be avoided in the course of the experiment, also called occupancy. The number of occupancy directly affects the result of our Euclidean algorithm, so the necessity of research is that we should be more careful in choosing the number of data. The data is shown in Table 1 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University name</th>
<th>Department name</th>
<th>Hospital name</th>
<th>leadership</th>
<th>Way of discussion</th>
<th>Final Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>0.93</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.895</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1</td>
<td>0.24</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>0.542</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.873</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1</td>
<td>0.23</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>0.456</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>0.13</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.599</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>0.82</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>0.380</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the above table, we can see the degree to which colleges and universities attach importance to our research. Every university has its own independent management institutions, and the establishment of independent supervision institutions. That's why we always have a school inspector Department coming to know the facts in the course of our study. In the course of our research, we find that the state of the country is not optimistic about the actual situation of this study. Just like what is shown in the table, we are not allowed to publish any experimental data and experimental equipment on the spot during our research on this play. It is what we call the rules of secrecy. Institutions in Colleges and universities are set up specifically for this management. Every experiment is carried out to register the Department, otherwise it will not be allowed to experiment in this field. This is a great obstacle to the process of our research. After many obstacles, we finally got the Euclidean algorithm we studied, and it is used to study the holistic collaborative innovation of Ideological Education under the perspective of data analysis. Thus, the difference between us and them is who can work harder to learn the experience of the predecessors. Now, our research is of great help to the rational use of oil resources.

3.2 Formula calculation based on the algorithm of Ideological and political education in Colleges and Universities

We have completed the research on the overall collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in the perspective of the data analysis based on the above, which for us to know is that what we are doing is a small part of it. In the next long period of study, we have to apply the previous theoretical steps to practical applications. When carry out the construction and implementation of the ideological and political education algorithm are carried out, a long time is needed to prepare our experimental instruments. This is the result of our research that can't be done by one person, and this is the result of our team work. Therefore, in the present conditions and the form of a person's work is very few, so we are to cooperate to be the ultimate one of the most important aspects. One aspect of our ideological and political education is the importance of cooperation, which establishes the usefulness of the basic work of our study. In any team, cooperation is the way to win and achieve the best results. In this experimental algorithm, no matter what is a parameter or a constant, what we can do is do the calculation and checking of the detailed solution process. Thus, we can be skillful when we use it. The formula of the heap sorting algorithm we study is based on such a principle. The data is important, but the basic operation is equally important. The formula based on our calculation is as follows:
In the plane coordinate system $xoy$, it, bcolk show two right angled triangle edge length of delta opq. And the connection of all AB to Q (medium, 2) neighbors with equal distance, we call the equidistant line. The eight neighbor distance is called the chessboard distance, which is defined according to the eight adjacent pixels of each pixel. Its distance is defined as:

\[
d_{\text{chessboard}}(p, q) = \max_{0 \leq p, q \leq n-1} \{ |x_1 - x_2|, |y_1 - y_2| \}
\]

(3)

\[
d_{\text{chamfer}}(p, q) = |x_1 - x_2| + (\sqrt{2} - 1)|y_1 - y_2|
\]

(4)

In a pixel array of two valued images, the Euclidean distance between the two pixels is the linear distance between the pixels. In the process of image processing, often to the calculation of a neighborhood, on both sides of the Oulide distance between pixel threshold. In other words, the minimum Euclidean distance between the 1 value pixels (Px1, YL) to the 0 value image is calculated in the two value image. According to the Euclidean distance definition, its distance can be expressed as:

\[
d(p, q) = \min_{0 \leq x_1, y_1, y_2 \leq n-1} \left\{ \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2} \right\}
\]

(5)

\[
d^2(p, q) = \min_{0 \leq x_1, y_1 \leq n-1} \left\{ (x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 \right\}
\]

(6)

So we get the role of the Euclidean algorithm in our experiment. The main calculation formula of the important algorithm of our study of Euclidean algorithm is in the 6 formulas listed above. This is the formula calculation of the heap sorting algorithm we studied. On the basis of our experiments, we have a full understanding of Figure 2, which can better let us see the details of the calculation, as shown in Figure 2 below:

![Image of Figure 2](image-url)

**Figure.2 Euclidean algorithm for calculating the distribution of the principle block diagram**

In the above picture, we can understand the research on the integrated collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education in Colleges and Universities Based on the perspective of data analysis. This study is based on the development of the country and is supported by our ideological and political education. Therefore, our development is mainly derived from the determination and optimization of the management system of the main forms of our previous research. At the same time, we have to do some contrastive operations, which requires our research to be useful, which can get us more support. It is also the cooperation between universities now that we need to carry out the important resource utilization, which is the important achievement of our research now.
our research point of view, it is mainly to carry out the ideological and educational work between colleges and universities. The first thing that is conducive to the stability of our country is the political security of our country. If we want to keep us in a secure system, we must put education on an important level, which makes it possible for the youngest child to accept the unification and integration of our most advanced educational resources. In a word, our research is very, very successful and the next is to prove that our algorithms are the best, and practice is the only standard to test the truth.

4 Result Analysis And Discussion

Based on the perspective of data analysis, the theory of Euclidean algorithm for integrated collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education has been explained in detail in the above. Now we are going to popularize the experiment results that we want to do, so that people of all walks of life can learn the educational resources of Ideological and political education by using the algorithm we have studied. In other words, it is better to apply the results of the experiment to the reality. We all know that the results can only play its part in reality, which is why our country advocates learning to use it. This is the conclusion of the pedagogic approach with our national characteristics. The research on this data perspective can be said to be very mature, making a graph to make a convincing explanation. So the experimental data between algorithms and algorithms are compared only in this way which can be easier to see to see which algorithm is more practical. The following is the first set of data, which is a result of the previous algorithm, and seen in Table 2:

Table.2 Different algorithms have different data on the impact of petroleum resource prices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>University name</th>
<th>Binarization</th>
<th>result</th>
<th>Possession ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>digital image</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital analysis</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intersection analysis</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>89%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>technology</td>
<td>234</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>89%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A data array of different pixels</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>result</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the previous table, we can see that the same data running between the algorithms also gets different results. This means that we only need to do some algorithmic optimization in the process of research. So our present research results are on the basis of this algorithm to create innovation, which is also the result of our research team. Only a team who has withstood the ideological and political education can create an innovative algorithm for education. The development of our country is very quick as long as it is good to follow the laws and regulations of our country. But we have to study better algorithms for our use now, and this algorithm must be in line with our current national conditions. Only research in accordance with national conditions is the basis for research. This article uses the data obtained from the eulice algorithm, which seen in table 3.

Table 3 Heap sorting algorithm on the impact of different prices of oil resources data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>University name</th>
<th>Binarization</th>
<th>result</th>
<th>Possession ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>digital image</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital analysis</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intersection analysis</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>technology</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A data array of different pixels</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>result</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accuracy of the results of the Euclidean algorithm in the above table is very high. On the basis of this, we can also accurately determine whether the major universities nowadays are carrying out the decisions of our Central Committee to carry out reform and unswervingly follow the road of sustainable development. The power of the country is strong. As long as it is what the
country needs, we can make more comprehensive innovations on the basis of more important research. All countries in the world are going to carry out their own ideological and political education, and our country is, of course, the same. The usefulness of the Euclidean algorithm is to innovate on the basis of some specific things.

5 Conclusion

With the increasing emphasis on the subject of Ideological and political education in Colleges and universities, our country has paid more and more attention to the ideological education of students, which is mainly in our curriculum arrangement that students from different classes of different majors will go to this ideological education class. The school specializes in our Marx school and requires every student to go to this course. When comparing curves, we need to get the important curves when drawing, which means that the advantage of our Euclidean algorithm is obvious in another way. It is easy to do better ideological and political education in our present situation. Our country follows a socialist country, and is the owner of our own people, and of course we will be more willing to change. The important education at the national level in this period is crucial. Our education has always been around us, and the importance of education does not need to be explained in detail, which is known by all of us. This articleis a successful study of the overall collaborative innovation of Ideological and political education from the perspective of data.

Reference


